A satellite view of Earth showing a large area of land with a complex pattern of yellow and orange colors, likely representing InSAR data. The background is dark, suggesting a night view or a specific spectral band. The text is overlaid on the right side of the image.

Optimally Balancing InSAR Observations for the Damaging November 2022 Mw 5.6 earthquake in West Java, Indonesia

Sang-Ho Yun

Director, Remote Sensing Lab, Earth Observatory of Singapore (EOS-RS)
Assoc Prof, Asian School of the Environment (ASE)
Assoc Prof, School of Electrical and Electronic Engineering (EEE)
Nanyang Technological University (NTU) Singapore

Who we are

Aug 2021

"The EOS-RS lab is starting with four female and one male founding members, and will exercise and promote diversity and inclusion," said Assoc Prof Yun.



Members of the EOS-RS team, from left to right: Associate Professor Sang-Ho Yun, Ms Cheryl Tay, Ms Way Lin, Ms Shi Tong Chin (Source: Phuong Nguyen/Earth Observatory of Singapore)

EOS Blog

Aug 2023



The team from NTU's EOS-Remote Sensing Lab. (Back row, from left) PhD student Bryan Marfito, research assistant Jay Wong, student assistant Ricky Winarko, research fellows Eleanor Ainscoe, Rino Salman and Noel Ivan Ulloa (inset). (Front row, from left) PhD student Cheryl Tay, EOS-RS director Yun Sang-Ho, research associate Shi Tong Chin and research assistant Lin Way. PHOTO: NTU'S EARTH OBSERVATORY OF SINGAPORE

6 Singaporeans, 2 Indonesians, 1 Filipino,
1 British, 1 Nicaraguan, and 1 Korean American

Denny Chee



Nicholas Lim



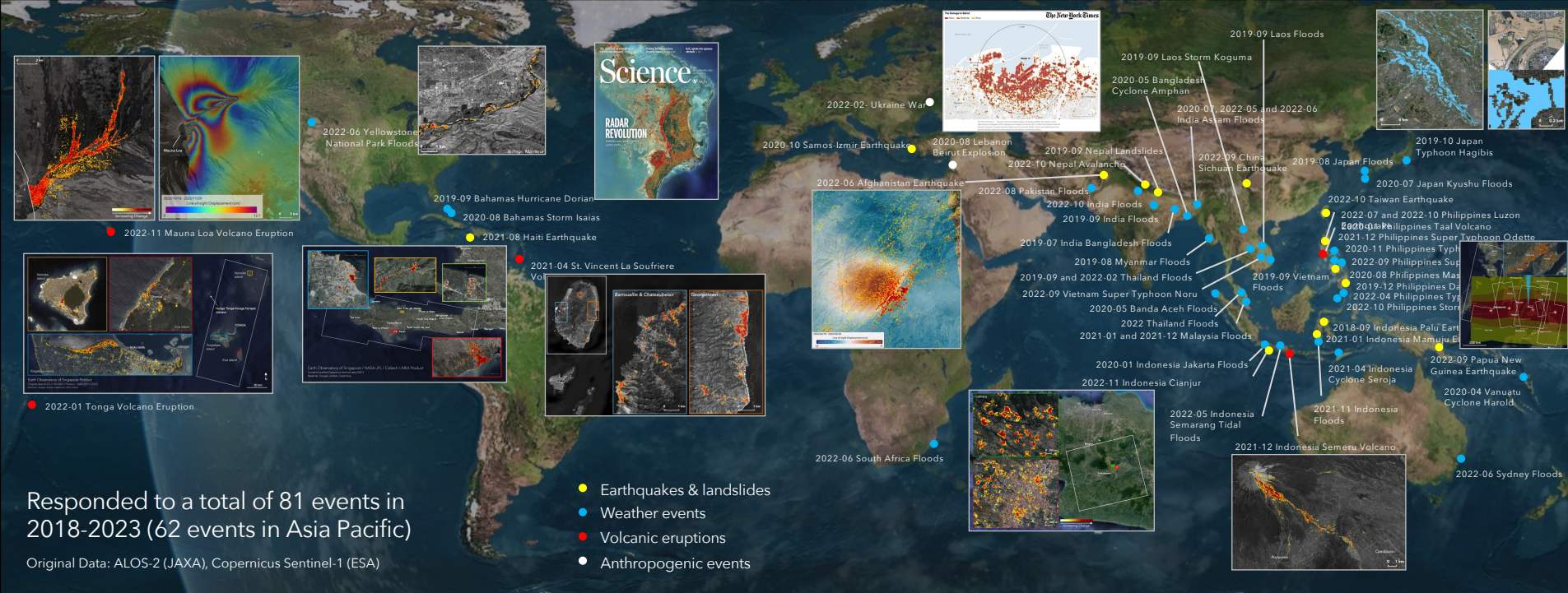
Straits Times

What we do

A satellite view of Earth at night, showing city lights and a large hurricane swirling over the ocean.

- Use satellite radar remote sensing for humanitarian assistance and disaster response
- Innovate algorithms (and AI) for automated satellite data processing towards improved disaster response and societal impact

Impact to date



Responded to a total of 81 events in 2018-2023 (62 events in Asia Pacific)

Original Data: ALOS-2 (JAXA), Copernicus Sentinel-1 (ESA)

- Earthquakes & landslides
- Weather events
- Volcanic eruptions
- Anthropogenic events



Maps



X

Some Turning Points of our Disaster Response Support

“Thank you so much for all of the data and assistance. It helped us to be able to sketch out areas to focus on for our ground survey efforts. There were several significant areas of damage that we would not have located without your assist. Thank you!”

FBI Explosives Unit
August 25, 2020

“For the historical center of Norcia, the damage zones from ARIA imaging (DPMs) compared well with damage maps obtained from on-ground surveys.”

Sextos et al. (**Geotechnical Engineers**), Earthquake Spectra 2018
Outstanding Paper Award (National Earthquake Conference 2020)

“After the tragic August earthquake in Amatrice, Italy, NASA’s JPL produced maps of the greatest damage. These sophisticated maps will be used in the rebuilding efforts.”

Barack Obama, Former President of the US
At the White House with Mateo Renzi on Oct 28, 2016

Sang-Ho Yun made invited presentations on satellite radar remote sensing for disaster response at the **White House Conference Center** in Washington, D.C. three times in 2016 and 2017.

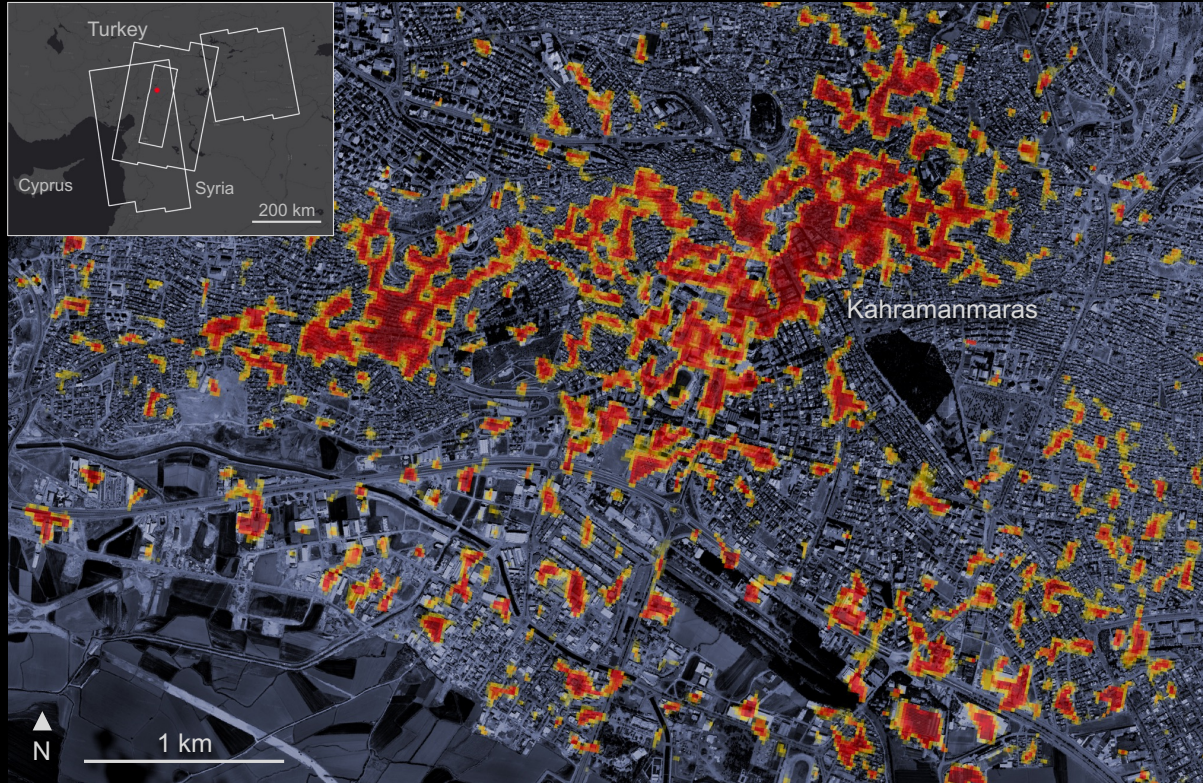


Map featured on the cover page of Science (Feb 2021)
Contains modified Copernicus Sentinel data (2019)



M7.8 Türkiye Earthquake Response Support

204,000 km² (280 times SG) covered within 10 days



Contains modified Copernicus Sentinel data (2023)

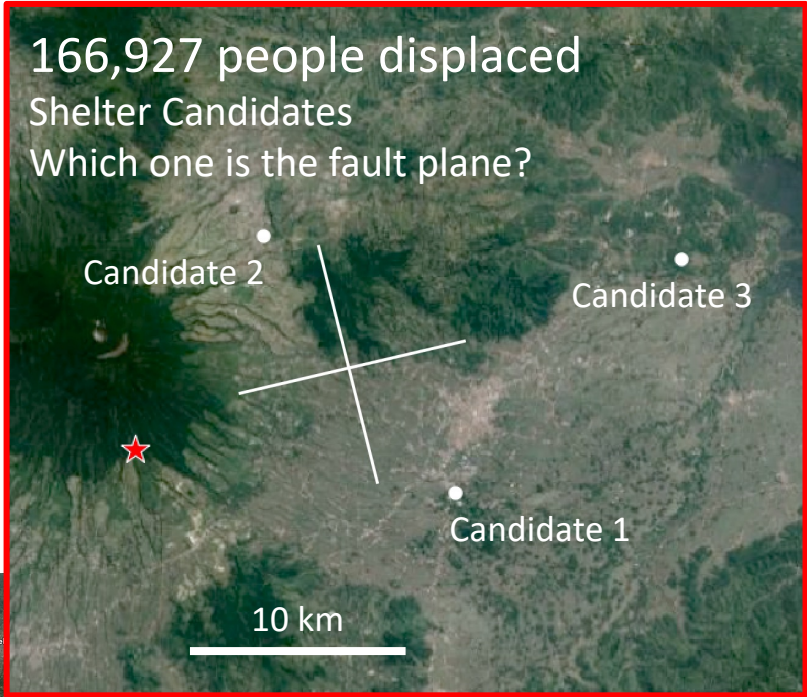
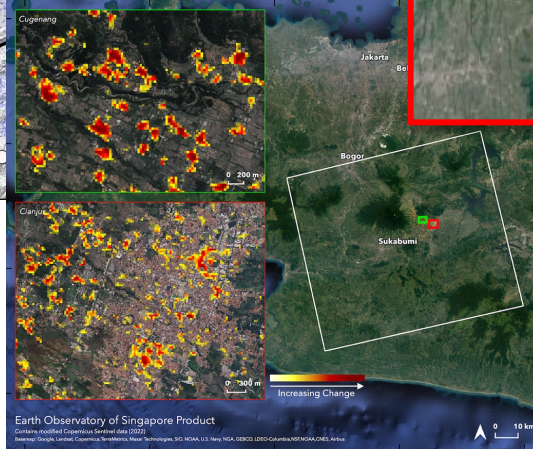
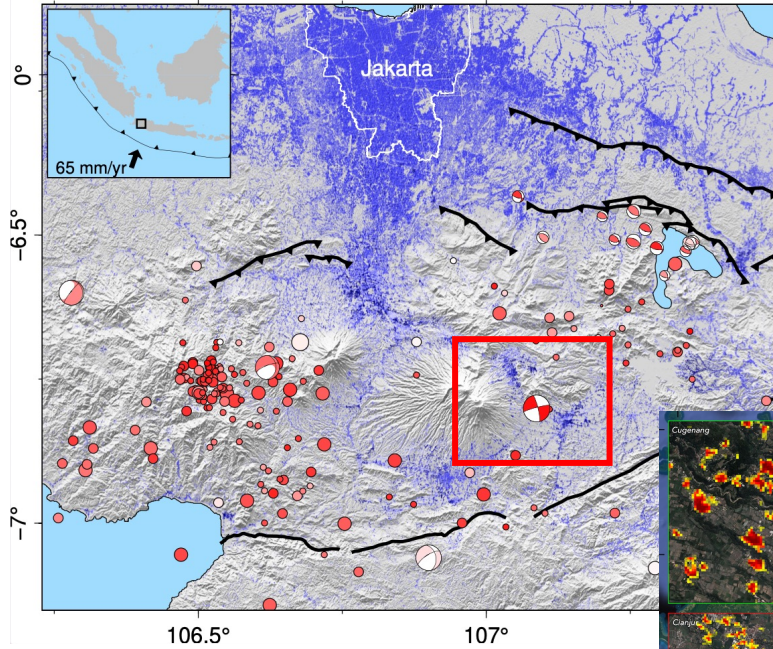
"We have dispatched 10 teams (59 people) to the field for ground observations after downloading your maps on their mobile devices."

Emergency Management Center in
Ankara, Türkiye

"Your maps produced an estimate of the number of affected people that is the closest to the ground observation-based Turkish government's number, compared to any other remote sensing-based products."

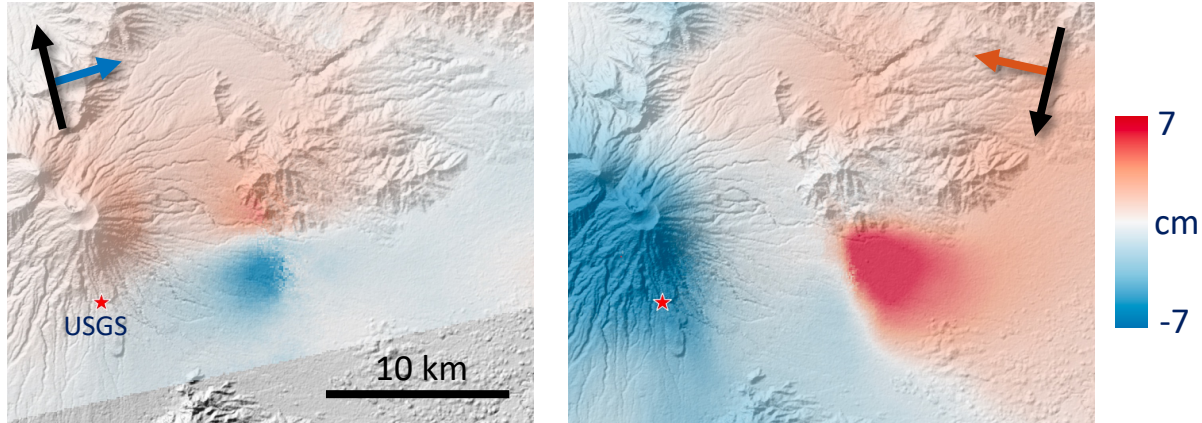
Geospatial Support Unit at the UN
World Food Programme

50M People Live in West Java



Contains modified Copernicus Sentinel data (2022)

Two Coseismic Interferograms

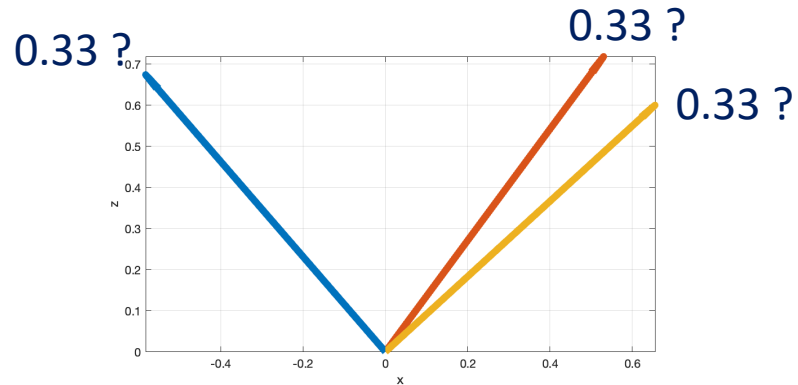
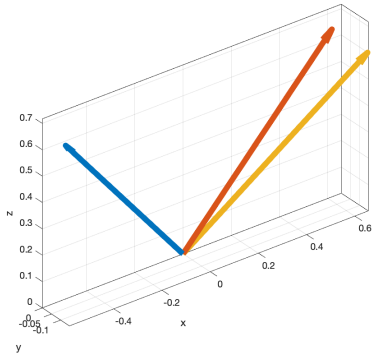
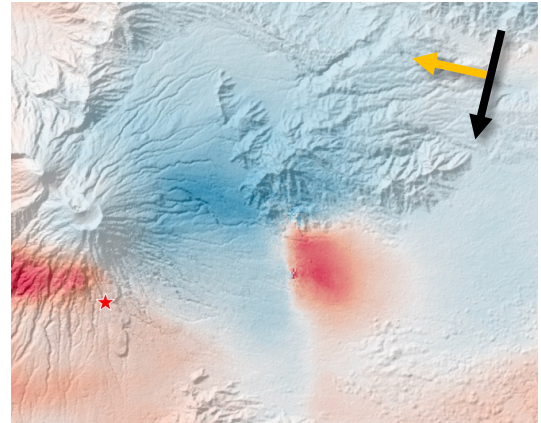
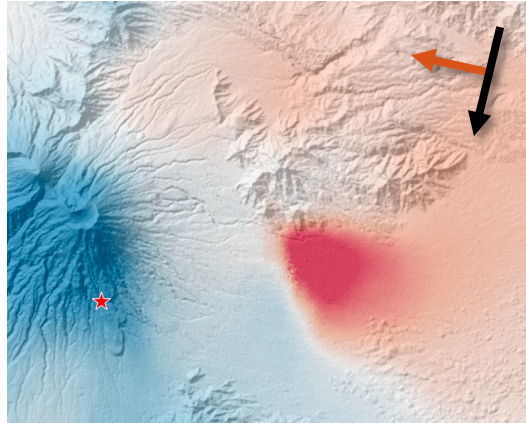
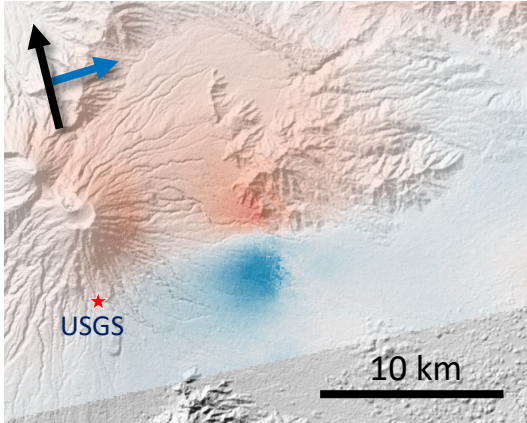


Weight: 0.5

0.5

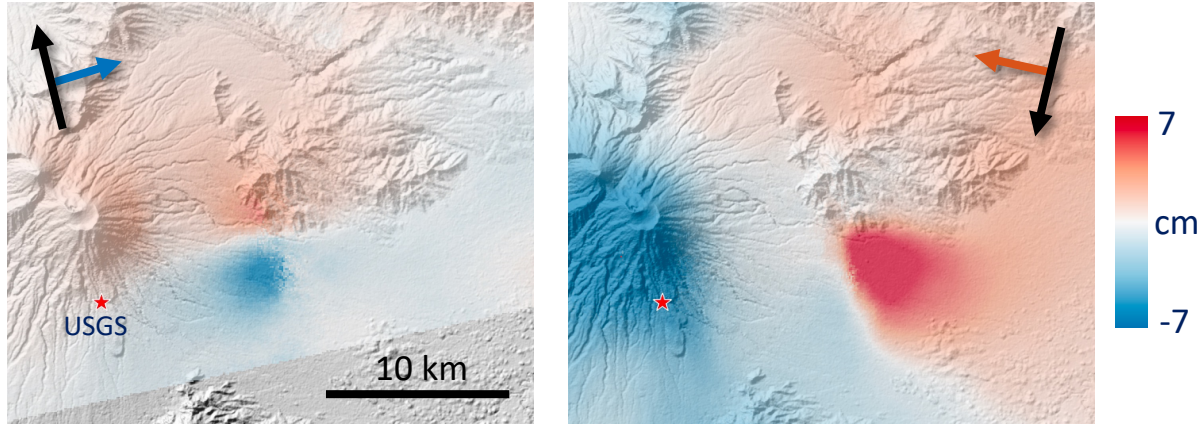
Derived from ALOS-2

Three Coseismic Interferograms



Derived from ALOS-2

Two Coseismic Interferograms

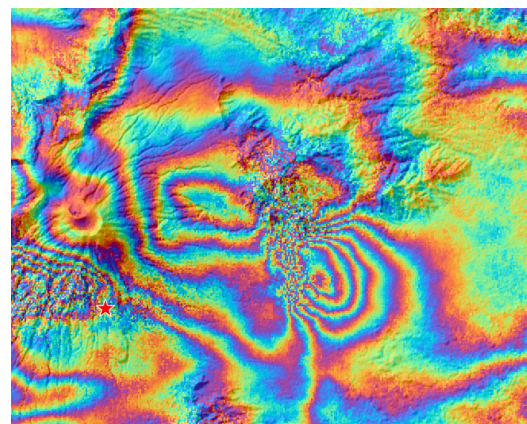
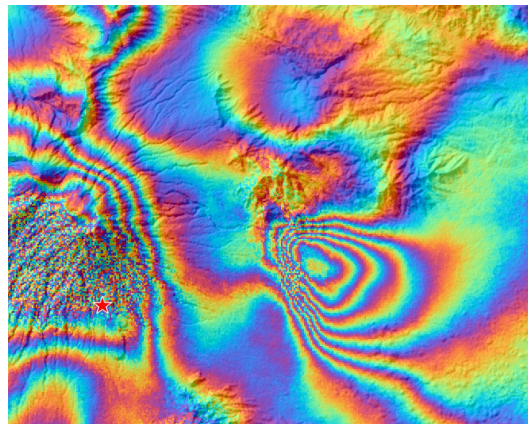
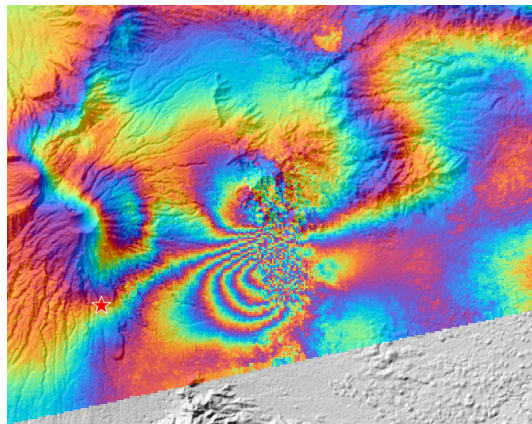
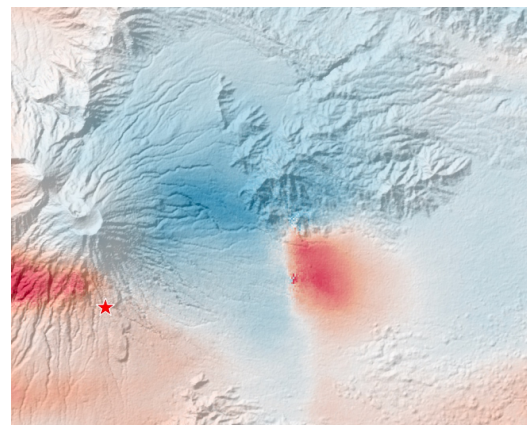
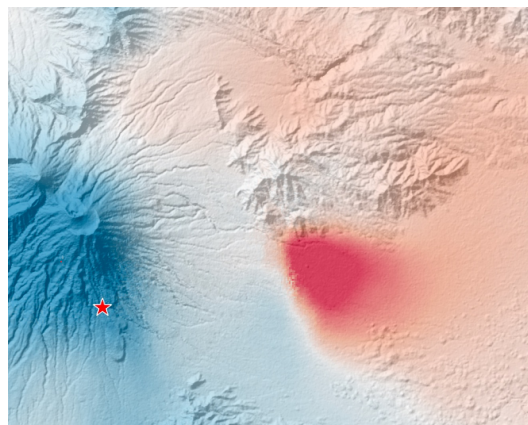
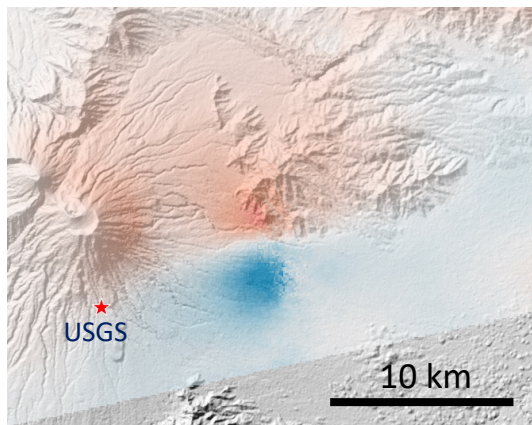


0.33

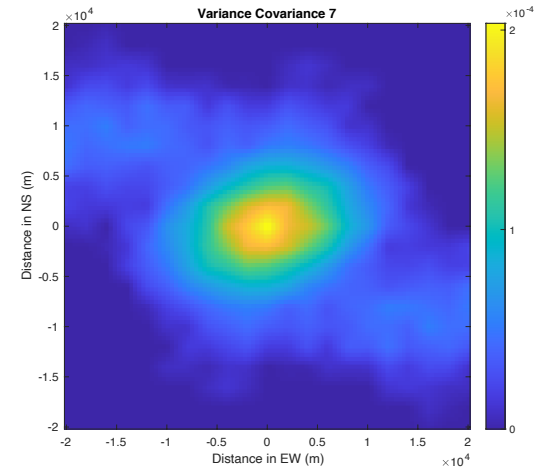
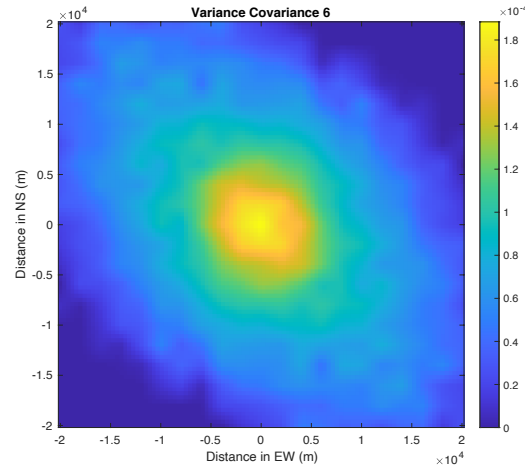
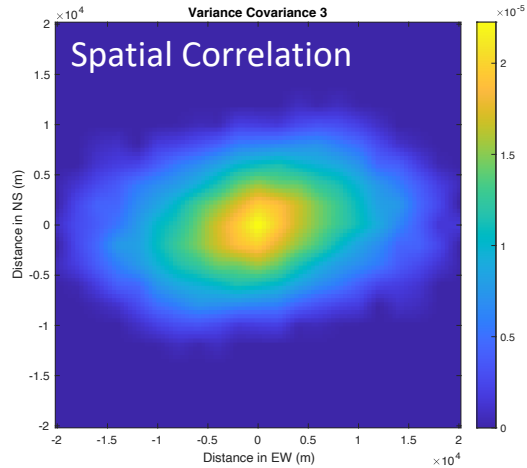
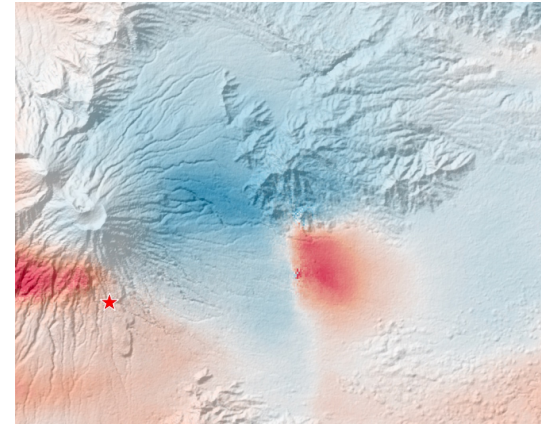
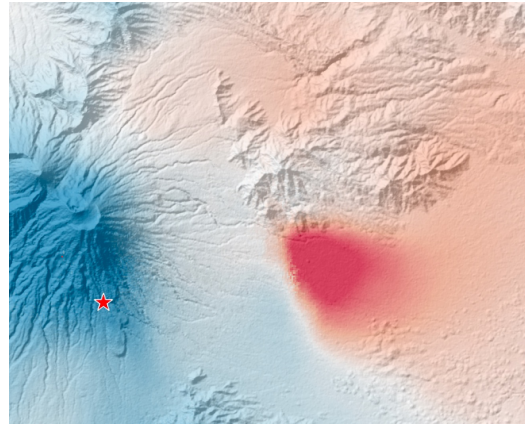
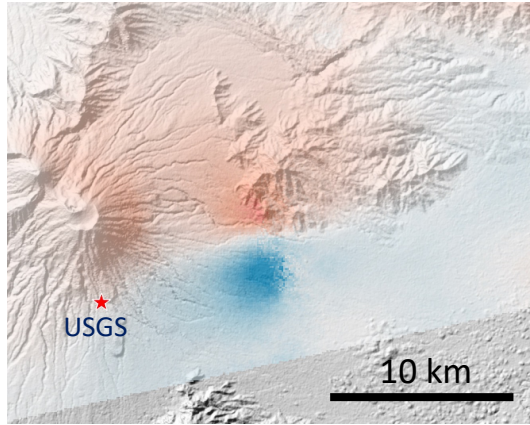
0.66

Derived from ALOS-2

How do we balance (weight) the interferograms?



Variance Covariance Matrices (Data Noise)



Data Importance

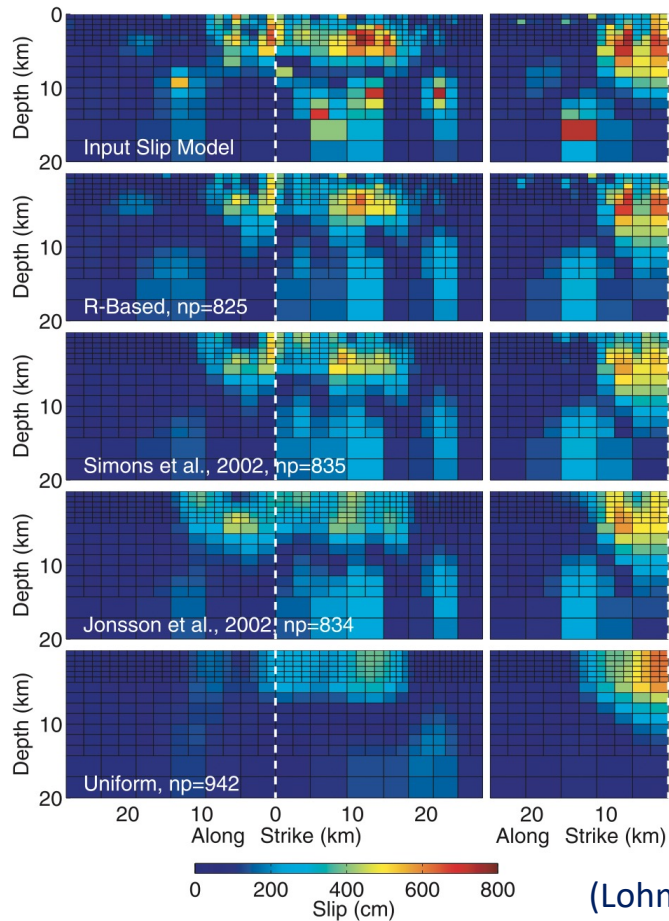
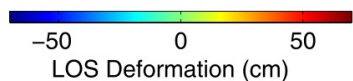
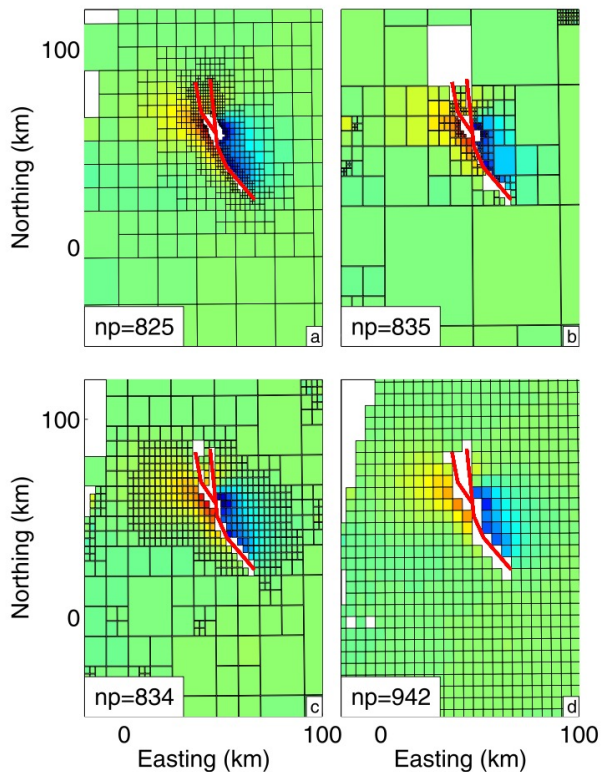
$$d^{\text{pre}} = Gm^{\text{est}} = G[G^{-g}d^{\text{obs}}] = [GG^{-g}]d^{\text{obs}} = Nd^{\text{obs}}$$

Data Resolution: $N = GG^{-g}$

Data Importance: $n = \text{diag}(N)$

(Menke, 1989, Minster et al., 1974)

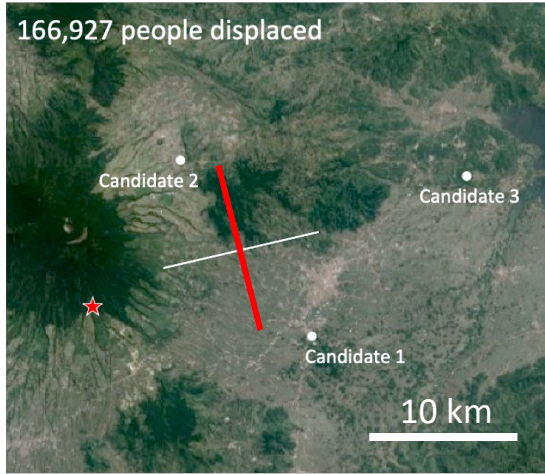
Balancing Pixels



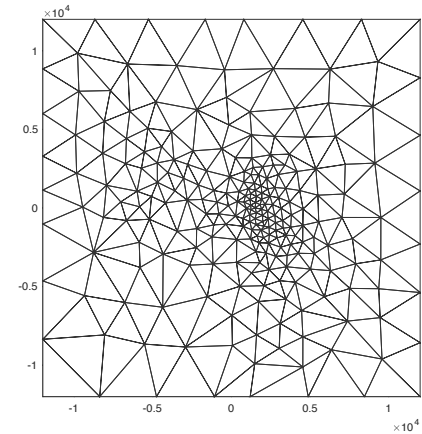
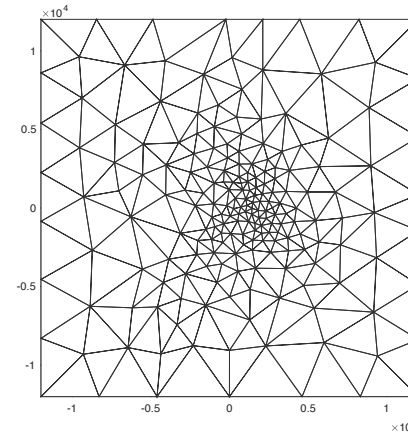
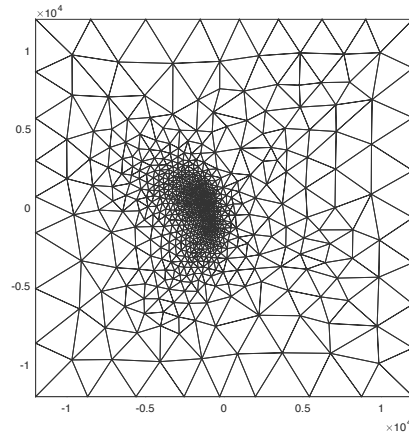
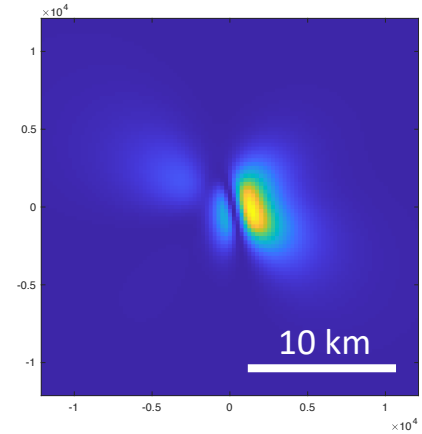
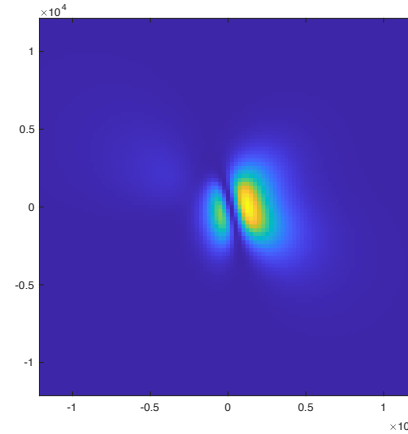
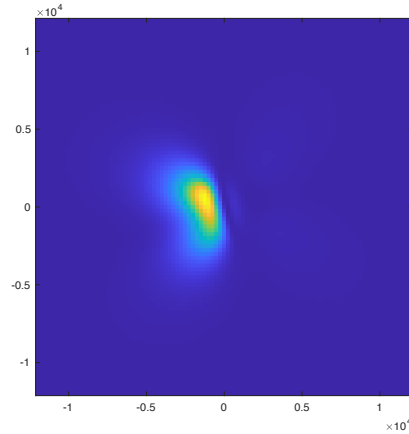
(Lohman & Simons, 2005)

Data Importance-based Subsampling

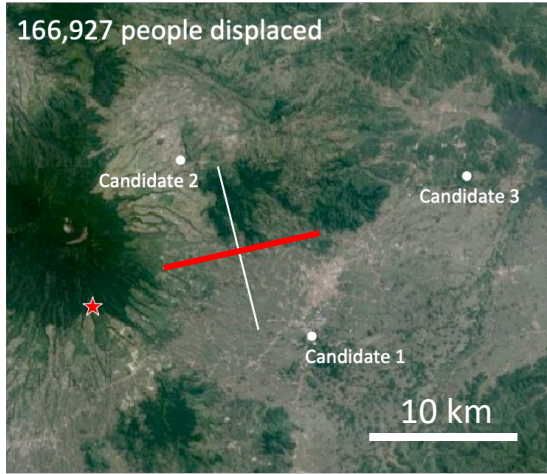
166,927 people displaced



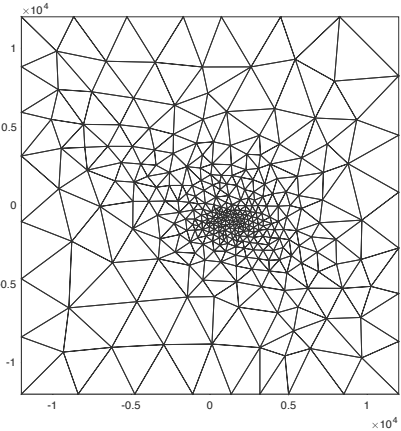
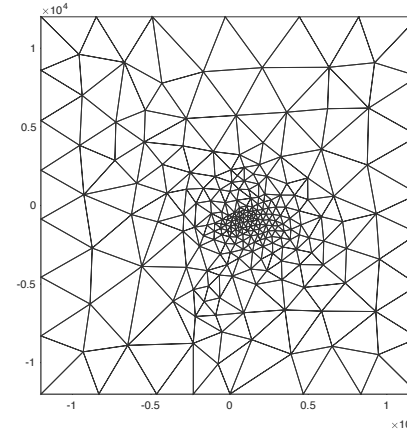
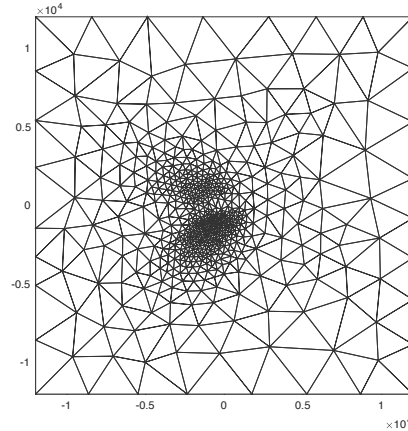
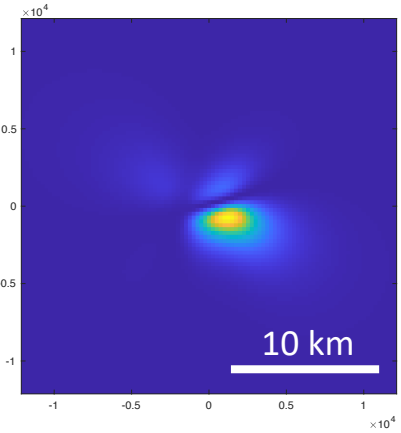
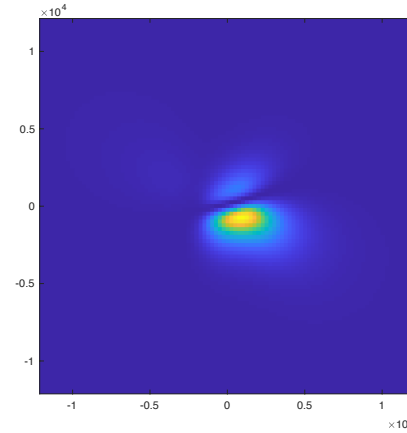
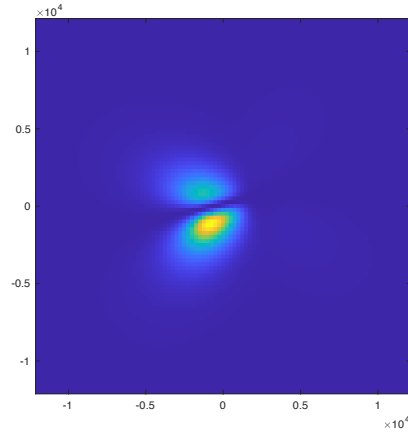
Strike: N13.7°W
Dip: 81°SW
Length: 3 km
Width: 3 km
Top depth: 1 km



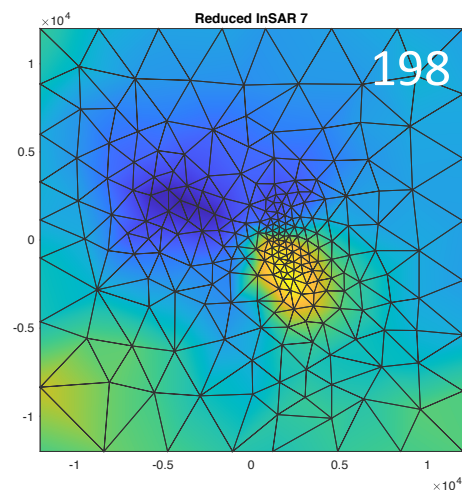
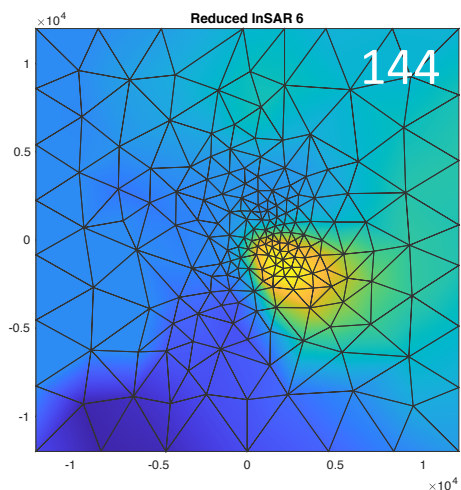
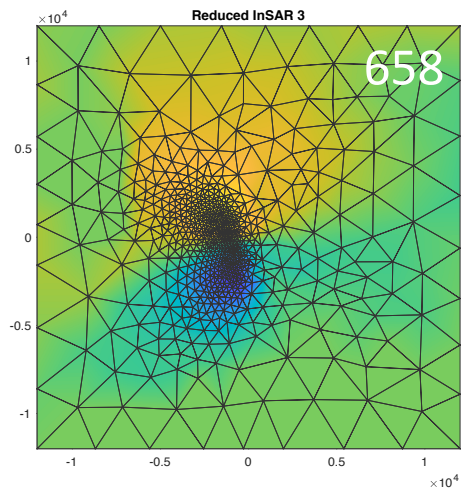
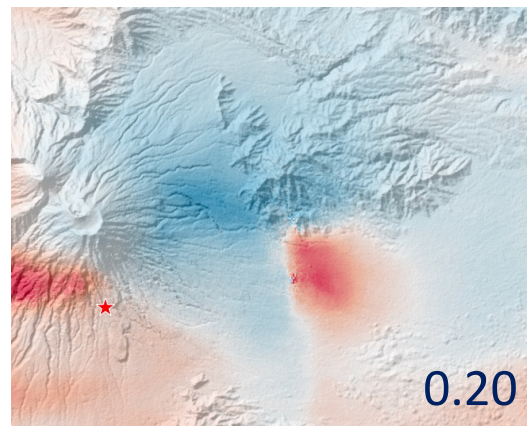
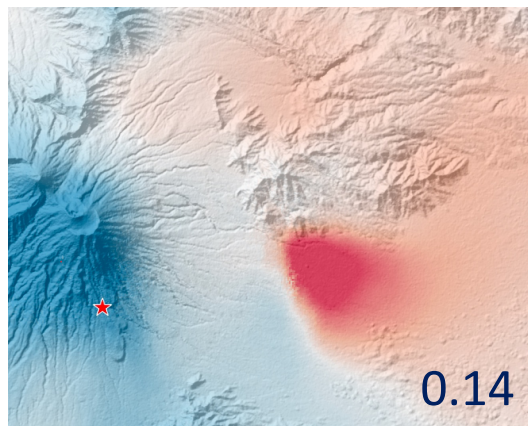
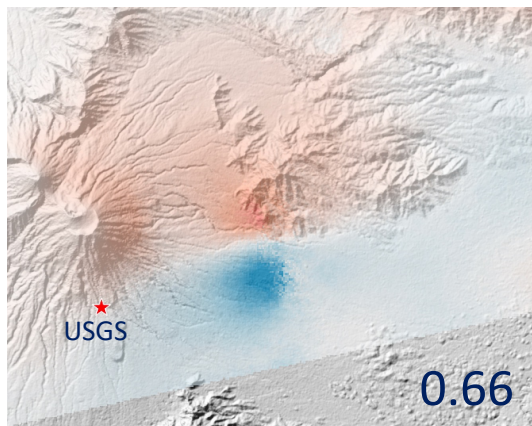
Data Importance-based Subsampling



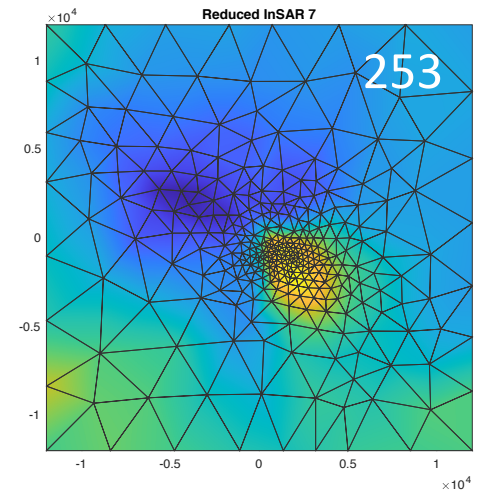
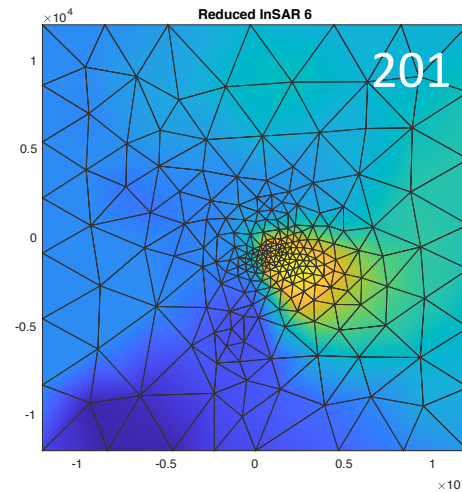
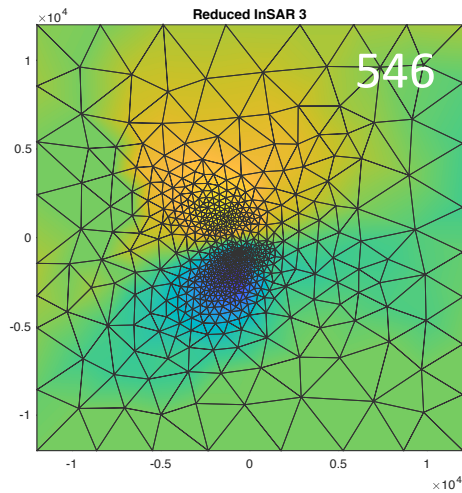
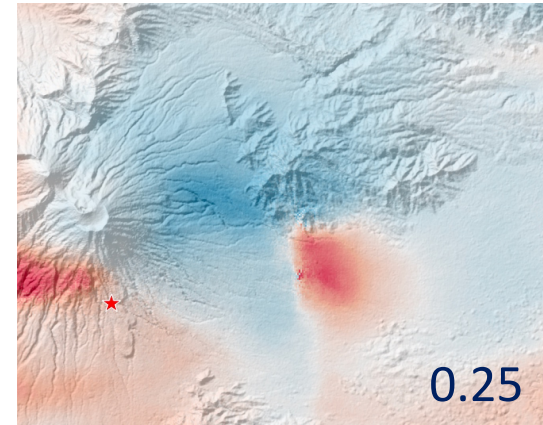
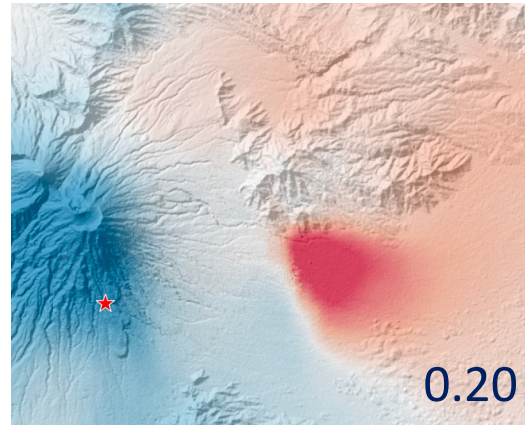
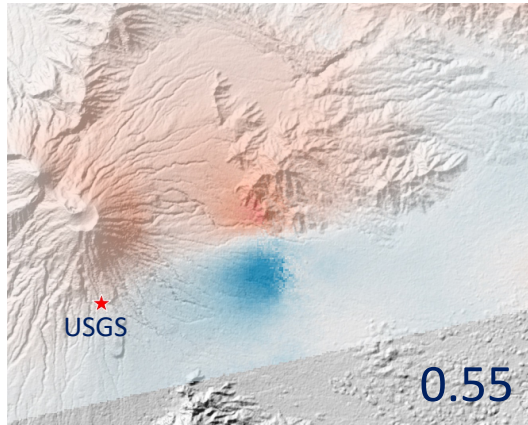
Strike: N76.3°E
Dip: 83°SE
Length: 3 km
Width: 3 km
Top depth: 1 km



Balancing Interferograms (NS)



Balancing Interferograms (EW)



Summary

- Satellite SAR observations has become one of the main-stream information at the forefront of disaster response, validated by response agencies, geotechnical engineers, and FBI.
- November 2022 M5.6 West Java earthquake in Indonesia highlighted the need for rigorous balancing of multiple coseismic interferograms
- Data importance-based balancing shows a promise of moving forward (Yun et al., in prep)